CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)For the three and six months ended April 30, 2012

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an independent auditor. These condensed interim financial statements for the three and six months ended April 30, 2012 have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management. They have not been reviewed by the Company's independent auditor.

For further information, please contact:

Steve Vanry, CFO and Director

Phone: 604-558-2565

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	April 30, 2012	October 31, 2011
Amada	\$	\$
Assets		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	3,255,309	2,058,418
Receivables (Note 3)	37,545	31,140
Prepaid expenses	59,345	1,997
	3,352,199	2,091,555
Property and equipment (Note 4)	36,904	3,941
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 5)	542,326	192,223
Exploration and evaluation assets - oil and gas (Note 6)	1	1
Reclamation bond (Note 7)	25,000	
	3,956,430	2,287,720
Liabilities		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8)	109,589	58,950
Due to related parties (Note 10)	48,439	34,881
Flow-through premium liability (Note 9)	238,843	-
	396,871	93,831
Rehabilitation obligation	13,000	13,000
	409,871	106,831
Shareholders' equity	<u>, </u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Capital stock (Note 9)	10,952,075	9,392,136
Reserves (Note 9)	487,997	240,524
Deficit	(7,893,513)	(7,451,771)
	3,546,559	2,180,889
	3,956,430	2,287,720

NATURE OF BUSINESS AND GOING CONCERN (Note 1) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Note 15)

Approved and authorized on behalf of the Board on June 29, 2012:

"Mark Vanry"
Mark Vanry, Director

"Steve Vanry"

Steve Vanry, Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Number of Shares Issued	Capital Stock \$	Shares Subscribed \$	Reserves	<u>Deficit</u>	Total Shareholders' Equity \$
		Ф	Ф	Ф	Ψ	Ф
Balance at November 1, 2010	51,772,725	7,332,642	710,000	5,721	(6,917,863)	1,130,500
Issuance of shares	30,000,000	1,500,000	(710,000)	-	-	790,000
Warrants exercised	8,200,000	410,000	-	-	-	410,000
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	104,903	-	104,903
Options exercised	150,000	15,000	-	-	-	15,000
Net loss for the period					(223,317)	(223,317)
Balance at April 30, 2011	90,122,725	9,257,642	-	110,624	(7,141,180)	2,227,086
Stock options exercised	25,000	12,494	-	(9,994)	-	2,500
Shares issued for exploration and evaluation assets acquisition	1,325,000	122,000	-	-	-	122,000
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	139,894	-	139,894
4:1 consolidation	(68,510,792)	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(310,591)	(310,591)
Balance at October 31, 2011	22,961,933	9,392,136	_	240,524	(7,451,771)	2,180,889
Issuance of shares	4,370,000	1,493,500	-	-	-	1,493,500
Share issuance costs	-	(74,061)	-	-	-	(74,061)
Shares issued for exploration and evaluation assets acquisition	425,000	140,500	-	-	-	140,500
Share-based compensation	-	-		247,473	-	247,473
Net loss for the period					(441,742)	(441,742)
Balance at April 30, 2012	27,756,933	10,952,075		487,997	(7,893,513)	3,546,559

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	For the three months ended April 30,			months ended ril 30,	
	2012	2011 (Note 14)	2012	2011 (Note 14)	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Expenses					
Accounting and audit	19,907	8,636	28,467	15,815	
Consulting fees	38,219	7,050	55,419	13,050	
Depreciation	8,135	-	8,135	-	
Filing fees	10,572	8,628	13,301	11,991	
Legal fees	1,274	5,301	9,174	18,684	
Management fees	5,000	-	5,000	-	
Office and miscellaneous	42,065	7,507	73,770	18,714	
Parking	680	2,025	2,765	3,768	
Property examination costs	946	11,531	5,849	17,781	
Share-based compensation	126,710	33,584	247,473	104,903	
Transfer agent	1,438	1,925	3,789	6,318	
Travel and promotion	11,750	1,184	14,154	11,271	
Telephone	1,044	2,349	3,546	3,748	
Loss before other items	(267,740)	(89,720)	(470,842)	(226,043)	
Other items					
Net oil and gas income (loss)	(226)	(7)	63	(52)	
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(154)	_	(576)	-	
Interest income	13,342	676	13,707	2,778	
Reversal of flow-through premium					
liability (Note 9)	15,657	-	15,657	-	
Other income	199		249		
Loss and comprehensive loss for the					
period	(238,922)	(89,051)	(441,742)	(223,317)	
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.02)	(0.01)	
Weighted average number of common					
shares outstanding	26,132,211	22,507,367	25,196,686	22,123,913	

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	For the six months ended April 30,			
_	2012	2011		
_		(Note 14)		
	\$	\$		
Cash flows used in operating activities				
Net loss for the period	(441,742)	(223,317)		
Items not affecting cash:				
Depreciation	8,135	-		
Share-based compensation	247,473	104,903		
Accrued interest	-	(1,374)		
Reversal of flow-through premium liability	(15,657)	-		
Changes in non-cash working capital items				
Increase in receivables	(6,405)	(1,360)		
Increase in prepaid expenses	(57,348)	-		
Decrease in accounts payable	(25,682)	(16,338)		
	(291,226)	(137,486)		
Cash flows used in investing activities				
Reclamation bond	(25,000)	-		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(41,098)	(1,104)		
Exploration and evaluation assets expenditures	(191,003)	=		
·	(257,101)	(1,104)		
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from shares issued	1,748,000	1,215,000		
Net related parties advances	13,558	5,716		
Share issuance costs	(16,340)	5,710		
	1,745,218	1,220,716		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,196,891	1,082,126		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	2,058,418	1,161,864		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	3,255,309	2,243,990		
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:				
Cash	85,838	43,990		
Guaranteed investment certificate	3,169,471	2,200,000		
	3,255,309	2,243,990		
Non-cash transactions				
Reclassification of share subscriptions to capital stock Shares issued for exploration and evaluation assets	-	710,000		
acquisition	140,500	122,000		
Exploration and evaluation assets expenditures in accounts				
payable at period end	18,600	-		
Share issuance costs in accounts payable at period end	57,721	-		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND GOING CONCERN

Tower Resources Ltd. (formerly Tower Energy Ltd.) ("the Company") is incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, Canada. The Company trades on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol TWR. The Company's head office, principal address and registered and records office is located at 530 - 510 Burrard Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 3A8. On September 8, 2011, the Company changed its name from Tower Energy Ltd. to Tower Resources Ltd. in order to reflect the change in its focus from oil & gas to mineral exploration and evaluation assets.

The condensed interim financial statements ("Interim Financial Statements") of the Company are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company.

The Company's principal business activities include the acquisition and exploration of mineral exploration and evaluation assets domiciled in Canada. The Company has not yet determined whether any of these exploration and evaluation assets contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of the amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets are dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of those reserves and upon future profitable production. To date, the Company has not earned any revenues and is considered to be in the exploration stage.

These Interim Financial Statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue on a going-concern basis. The Company has incurred losses since inception and the ability of the Company to continue as a going-concern depends upon its ability to raise adequate financing and/or to develop profitable operations. These financial statements do not include adjustments to amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue operations.

The continuance of the Company's operations is dependent on obtaining sufficient additional financing in order to realize the recoverability of the Company's investments in exploration and evaluation assets, which is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves and market prices for the underlying minerals. Management closely monitors commodity prices of precious metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company if favourable or adverse market conditions occur. Management estimates it has sufficient working capital to continue operations for the next 12 months.

The Company had the following deficits and working capital as at the following dates:

	April 30, 2012	October 31, 2011
	\$	\$
Deficit	(7,893,513)	(7,451,771)
Working capital	2,955,328	1,997,724

On September 20, 2011 the Company consolidated its capital stock on a 4:1 basis. All share and per share amounts have been restated to reflect the share consolidation unless otherwise indicated.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance and conversion to International Financial Reporting Standards

These condensed interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

This condensed interim financial report does not include all of the information required of a full annual financial report and is intended to provide users with an update in relation to events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Company since the end of the last annual reporting period. It is therefore recommended that this financial report be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended October 31, 2011. However, this interim financial report, being the second IFRS financial report, provides selected significant disclosures that are required in the annual financial statements under IFRS. The disclosures concerning the transition from Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("Canadian GAAP") to IFRS are provided in Note 14.

Basis of presentation

The condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified where applicable. The condensed interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with maturity of three months or less at the time of issuance to be cash equivalents and cash as funds held in bank and demand deposits.

Functional currency

The functional currency of an entity is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiary is the Canadian dollar. The reporting currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the period.

Although management uses historical experience and its best knowledge of the amount, events or actions to form the basis for judgments and estimates, actual results may differ from these estimates.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Use of estimates (cont'd)

The most significant accounts that require estimates as the basis for determining the stated amounts include the recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets and valuation of share-based compensation.

Critical judgments exercised in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are as follows:

Economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefits of exploration and evaluation assets Management has determined that exploration, evaluation, and related costs incurred which were capitalized may have future economic benefits and may be economically recoverable. Management uses several criteria in its assessments of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefits including, geologic and other technical information, a history of conversion of mineral deposits with similar characteristics to its own properties to proven and probable mineral reserves, the quality and capacity of existing infrastructure facilities, evaluation of permitting and environmental issues and local support for the project.

Determination of functional currency

The Company determines the functional currency through an analysis of several indicators such as expenses and cash flow, financing activities, retention of operating cash flows, and frequency of transactions with the reporting entity.

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in material adjustments are as follows:

Valuation of share-based compensation

The Company uses the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model for valuation of share-based compensation. Option pricing models require the input of subjective assumptions including expected price volatility, interest rate, and forfeiture rate. Changes in the input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate and the Company's earnings and equity reserves.

Exploration and evaluation assets

Pre-exploration costs are expensed as incurred.

Costs directly related to the exploration and evaluation of mineral properties are capitalized once the legal rights to explore the mineral properties are acquired or obtained. When the technical and commercial viability of a mineral resource has been demonstrated and a development decision has been made, the capitalized costs of the related property are transferred to mining assets and depreciated using the units of production method on commencement of commercial production.

If it is determined that capitalized acquisition, exploration and evaluation costs are not recoverable, or the property is abandoned or management has determined an impairment in value, the property is written down to its recoverable amount. Exploration and evaluation assets are reviewed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount may exceed its recoverable amount.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Restoration and environmental obligations

The Company recognizes liabilities for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations associated with the retirement of long-term assets, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The net present value of future restoration cost estimates arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work is capitalized to mineral property interests along with a corresponding increase in the restoration provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. The restoration asset will be depreciated on the same basis as other mining assets.

The Company's estimates of restoration costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to the related asset with a corresponding entry to the restoration provision. The Company's estimates are reviewed annually for changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates, effects of inflation and changes in estimates.

Changes in the net present value, excluding changes in amount and timing of the Company's estimates of reclamation costs, are charged to profit and loss for the period. The net present value of restoration costs arising from subsequent site damage that is incurred on an ongoing basis during production are charged to profit or loss in the period incurred.

As at April 30, 2012 and October 31, 2011, the Company recorded a rehabilitation obligation of \$13,000 in relation to its oil and gas exploration and evaluation assets. The Company estimates that it has no significant restoration and environmental obligations related to its mineral exploration and evaluation assets.

Property and equipment

Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an item of equipment consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Amortization for equipment is calculated using the straight line method at the following annual rates:

Computer hardware 50% Computer software 100% Equipment 20%

In the year of acquisition, amortization is recorded at one-half the normal rate.

An item of equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of the asset, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Property and equipment (cont'd)

Where an item of equipment is composed of major components with different useful lives, the components are accounted for as separate items of equipment. Expenditures incurred to replace a component of an item of equipment that is accounted for separately, including major inspection and overhaul expenditures, are capitalized.

Basic and diluted loss per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net earnings (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed similarly to basic earnings (loss) per share except that the weighted average shares outstanding are increased to include additional shares for the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants, if dilutive. The number of additional shares is calculated by assuming that outstanding stock options and warrants were exercised and that the proceeds from such exercises were used to acquire common stock at the average market price during the reporting periods.

Warrants issued in equity financing transactions

The Company engages in equity financing transactions to obtain the funds necessary to continue operations and explore and evaluate exploration and evaluation assets. These equity financing transactions may involve issuance of common shares or units. Each unit comprises a certain number of common shares and a certain number of warrants. Depending on the terms and conditions of each equity financing transaction, the warrants are exercisable into additional common shares at a price prior to expiry as stipulated by the transaction. Warrants that are part of units are assigned a value based on the residual value, if any, and included in reserves.

Warrants that are issued as payment for agency fee or other transactions costs are accounted for as share-based payments.

Share-based payments

The Company operates an employee stock option plan. Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and amortized over the vesting periods. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured, and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The corresponding amount is recorded to the stock option reserve. The fair value of options is determined using the Black–Scholes pricing model which incorporates all market vesting conditions. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognized for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

The Company transfers the value of cancelled and expired unexercised vested stock options and compensatory warrants to deficit or share capital from reserves on the date of expiration, based on the nature of the item.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's assets (which include equipment and exploration and evaluation assets) is reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is only reversed if there is an indication that the impairment loss may no longer exist and there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, however, not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized in previous years. Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment.

Financial instruments

Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets into one of the following categories as follows:

Fair value through profit or loss - This category comprises derivatives and financial assets acquired principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. The Company classifies cash as fair value through profit or loss.

Loans and receivables - These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any provision for impairment. The Company classifies its receivables as loans and receivables.

Held-to-maturity investments - These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Company's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. These assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any provision for impairment.

Available-for-sale - Non-derivative financial assets not included in the above categories are classified as available-for-sale. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income (loss). Where a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and recognized profit or loss.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Financial instruments (cont'd)

All financial assets except those measured at fair value through profit or loss are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date. Financial assets are impaired when there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that have occurred after initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets.

Financial liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities into one of two categories as follows:

Fair value through profit or loss - This category comprises derivatives and financial liabilities incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities - This category consists of liabilities carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, and includes accounts payable and loan due to related parties.

As at April 30, 2012 and October 31, 2011, the Company did not have any derivative financial assets and liabilities.

Capital stock

Common shares are classified as equity. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of common shares and share options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects. Costs related to issuances not completed will be recorded as deferred financing costs if the completion of the transaction is considered likely; otherwise they are expensed as incurred.

Income taxes

Current income tax:

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date, in the country where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in profit or loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred income tax:

Deferred income tax is provided using the balance sheet method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Income taxes (cont'd)

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Flow-through shares:

On the issuance of flow-through shares, any premium received in excess of the closing market price of the Company's common shares is initially recorded as a flow-through premium liability and included as a current liability. Upon expenses being incurred, the Company derecognizes the liability and recognizes a deferred tax liability for the amount of tax deduction renounced to the shareholders. The premium is recognized as other income and related deferred tax is recognized as a tax provision.

The Company indemnifies the subscribers of flow-through shares against certain tax related amounts that become due related to their flow-through subscriptions.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations applicable to the Company are not yet effective for the six months ended April 30, 2012 and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. The Company is currently considering the possible effects of the new and revised standards which will be effective subsequent to the Company's financial statements for the year ending October 31, 2013 or later:

	Required application date
Title of the new IFRS standard	of the IFRS
IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements	For periods beginning on or after January 1, 2012.
Amendments to IAS 12 – Income Taxes - Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets	For periods beginning on or after January 1, 2012.
Amendments to IAS 32 – Financial Instruments – Presentation	For periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014.
IFRS 9, Financial Instruments	For periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015.
IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements	For periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013.
IFRS 11, Joint Arrangements	For periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013.
IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	For periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

3. RECEIVABLES

	April 30, 2012	October 31, 2011
	\$	\$
Accounts receivable	230	-
Harmonized sales tax recoverable	24,659	18,484
BC mineral exploration tax credit	12,656	12,656
	37,545	31,140

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Computer hardware	Computer software	Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost:				
At October 31, 2011	7,890	=	-	7,890
Additions	4,266	23,875	12,957	41,098
At April 30, 2012	12,156	23,875	12,957	48,988
Depreciation:				
At October 31, 2011	3,949	-	-	3,949
Charge for the period	1,518	5,969	648	8,135
At April 30, 2012	5,467	5,969	648	12,084
Net book value:				
At October 31, 2011	3,941	-	-	3,941
At April 30, 2012	6,689	17,906	12,309	36,904

	Computer hardware	Computer software	Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost:				
At November 1, 2010	3,952	=	-	3,952
Additions	3,938	-	-	3,938
At October 31, 2011	7,890	-	-	7,890
Depreciation:				
At November 1, 2010	988	-	-	988
Charge for the year	2,961	-	-	2,961
At October 31, 2011	3,949	-	-	3,949
Net book value:				
At November 1, 2010	2,964	-	-	2,964
At October 31, 2011	3,941	-	-	3,941

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	Dragon	Dorado	JD	Baez	Straw	Waterloo	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, November 1, 2010		-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition costs	72,154	23,000	50,851	1,303	-	520	147,828
Deferred costs							
Assays	747	747	-	-	-	1,498	2,992
Annual mineral rights	-	10,333	-	-	-	-	10,333
Field supplies	33	570	909	_	-	788	2,300
Food	-	-	473	-	-	825	1,298
Geologist	2,250	2,250	4,500	-	-	10,500	19,500
Helicopter	2,414	1,704	5,646	-	-	-	9,764
Travel	1,697	281	2,934	-	-	1,732	6,644
Vehicle	450	450	857	-	-	2,463	4,220
Total costs incurred during the year	79,745	39,335	66,170	1,303	-	18,326	204,879
B.C. mineral exploration tax credit recoverable	(1,518)	(1,200)	(4,596)	-	-	(5,342)	(12,656)
Balance, October 31, 2011	78,227	38,135	61,574	1,303	-	12,984	192,223
Acquisition costs	-	-	23,011	15,112	782	179,869	218,774
Deferred costs							
Assays	-	-	934	-	-	-	934
Annual mineral rights	-	-	46,836	-	-	-	46,836
Geologist	-	-	63,227	9,400	-	-	72,627
Travel		-	-	1,032	-	9,900	10,932
Total costs incurred during the period	_	-	134,008	25,544	782	189,769	350,103
Balance, April 30, 2012	78,227	38,135	195,582	26,847	782	202,753	542,326

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd)

DRAGON AND DORADO

On June 26, 2011, the Company entered into an option agreement with Sidewinder Exploration Ltd. ("Sidewinder") to acquire up to a 100% interest in two mineral properties, comprising twenty-two (22) mineral claims, known as "Dragon" and "Dorado", located on Vancouver Island, British Columbia. Under the option agreement, the Company may earn an initial 75% interest in the properties by making cash payments of \$45,000 and issuing 1,200,000 (300,000 post-consolidation) common shares to Sidewinder, in addition to funding aggregate exploration expenditures of \$2,000,000 over a total 41-month period as follows:

		Number of	Work
Date	Cash Payments	Shares	Commitment
	\$		\$
July 8, 2011 (paid and issued – Note 9)	20,000	1,200,000*	-
July 8, 2012	25,000	-	100,000
December 8, 2013	-	-	700,000
December 8, 2014	-	-	1,200,000
* Pre-consolidation			

The Company has an exclusive right and option to earn an additional 25% interest in the properties (for an aggregate of 100%) by funding and delivering a Feasibility Study. The agreement is subject to a 2% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR"), 1% of which may be purchased by the Company for \$1,000,000.

JD PROPERTY

On September 7, 2011 the Company entered into an agreement to acquire the JD gold - silver property, comprised of eight (8) mineral claims, located in the Omineca mining division of British Columbia. Under the terms of the option agreement, the Company may acquire a 100% interest in the property by making cash payments of \$200,000, and issuing 1,200,000 common shares over a 5-year period, to the vendors, in addition to funding aggregate exploration expenditures of \$5,000,000 over a total 63-month period as follows:

		Number of	Work
Date	Cash Payments	Shares	Commitment
	\$		\$
September 26, 2011 (issued – Note 9)	-	125,000	-
November 15, 2011 (spent)	-	-	60,000
September 1, 2012	-	-	60,000
December 16, 2012	45,000	150,000	80,000
December 16, 2013	40,000	200,000	500,000
December 16, 2014	50,000	250,000	1,000,000
December 16, 2015	65,000	475,000	1,500,000
December 16, 2016	-	-	1,800,000

The agreement is subject to a 2% NSR, 1% of which can be purchased by the Company for \$3,000,000. The Company will be responsible to file the related cash-in-lieu or assessment work documentation with the Province of British Columbia. Once the Company has earned the 100% interest, it will pay an advance royalty of \$40,000 per year until it commences commercial production.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd)

JD PROPERTY (cont'd)

On April 11, 2012, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Belle property located in the Omineca mining division of British Columbia adjoining the Company's JD property. Under the term of the option agreement, the Company may acquire a 100% interest in the property by making cash payment of \$14,000 and issuing 150,000 common shares of the Company as follows:

	Cash	Number of
Date	Payments	Shares
	\$	_
April 23, 2012 (paid and issued – Note 9)	14,000	25,000
April 18, 2013	-	25,000
April 18, 2014	-	25,000
April 18, 2015	-	25,000
April 18, 2016	-	50,000

The agreement is subject to a 2% NSR, of which 1% can be purchased by the Company for \$2,000,000.

WATERLOO PROPERTY

On October 18, 2011 the Company entered into an agreement to acquire the Waterloo property, comprised of eighteen (18) mineral claims, located in the Osoyoos mining division of British Columbia. Under the terms of the option agreement, the Company may acquire a 100% interest in the property by making cash payments of \$70,000 and issuing 400,000 common shares to the vendor, in addition to funding aggregate exploration expenditures of \$2,000,000 over a total 41-month period as follows:

For a 75% interest (the "First Option"):

	Cash	Number of	Work
Date	Payments	Shares	Commitment
	\$		\$
December 23, 2011 (paid and issued -Note 9)	45,000	400,000	-
December 23, 2012	25,000	-	100,000
May 13, 2014	-	-	700,000
May 13, 2015	-	-	1,200,000

The agreement is subject to a 2% NSR, of which 1% can be purchased by the Company for \$3,000,000. Upon completing and delivering a Feasibility Study, the Company will be deemed to have exercised the second option and to have earned an additional 25% Interest (for an aggregate 100% interest), subject to the Royalty Interest as defined below.

Once the Company has earned the 100% interest, it will pay an advance royalty of \$40,000 per year until it commences commercial production.

The vice-president - exploration of the Company has an interest in the vendor.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd)

BAEZ AND STRAW PROPERTIES

These properties are located in British Columbia and were acquired for nominal staking costs.

6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS - OIL AND GAS

April 30, 2012 and October 31, 2011

	Acquisition Costs		
Poplar Winstar Strachan	\$	1	

POPLAR WINSTAR STRACHAN

On December 4, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement with Poplar Point Energy Ltd. ("Poplar"), to participate in a Participation Agreement between Poplar and Winstar Resources Ltd. ("Winstar"), dated October 20, 2006 wherein Poplar agreed to participate in the Winstar Strachan 8-10-38-10 W5M well in the West Central area of Alberta.

The Company paid \$300,000 of the drilling, completion and tie in costs of the well to earn an equalization interest of 1.2366423 %. In addition, the Company accrued \$3,000 in asset retirement obligations in the year ended October 31, 2008.

During the year ended October 31, 2009, management of the Company wrote down the value of the property to the estimated recoverable amount of \$1.

Asset retirement obligations have been recorded based on the Company's proportionate share of obligations estimated by the operators of the properties. The estimated values of the obligations have not been discounted as they are immaterial and an estimate of the timing of the future cash flows is not determinable. The carrying cost has been written off.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. RECLAMATION BOND

In relation to the JD property, the Company has posted a reclamation bond of \$25,000 (October 31, 2011 - \$Nil).

8. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	April 30, 2012	October 31, 2011
	\$	\$
Accounts payable	44,235	58,950
Accrued liabilities	65,354	
	109,589	58,950

9. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES

Authorized share capital: unlimited common shares without par value.

Issued share capital:

In September 2011, the Company consolidated its capital on a 4:1 basis and cancelled the authorized 1,000,000 preference shares. All share and per share amounts have been restated to reflect the share consolidation unless otherwise indicated.

In November 2010, the Company closed a private placement of 30,000,000 (7,500,000 post-consolidation) units at a price of \$0.05 (\$0.20 post consolidation) per unit and has received the sum of \$1,500,000 as gross proceeds of the private placement. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant which entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the company for \$0.10 (\$0.40 post-consolidation) up to November 2, 2015.

In June 2011, Company issued 1,200,000 (300,000 post-consolidation) common shares for the acquisition of the Dragon and Dorado property (Note 5).

In September, 2011 Company issued 125,000 common shares for the acquisition of the JD property (Note 5).

In December 2011, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 2,545,000 flow-through common shares at a price of \$0.40 per share for gross proceeds of \$1,018,000. The flow-through common share had an associated flow-through premium liability of \$254,500 on issuance. The Company incurred fees of \$16,340 related to this financing.

In December 2011, the Company also issued 400,000 shares pursuant to the Waterloo property option agreement (Note 5).

In April 2012, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 1,825,000 common shares at a price of \$0.40 per share for gross proceeds of \$730,000. The Company paid a finder's fee of \$52,793 and incurred fees of \$4,928 related to this financing.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd)

Issued share capital (cont'd):

In April 2012, the Company also issued 25,000 shares pursuant to the Belle property option agreement (Note 5).

Stock Options

On November 19, 2010, the Company adopted a new incentive stock option plan (the "Plan"). The essential elements of the Plan provide that the aggregate number of shares of the Company's capital stock issuable pursuant to options granted under the Plan may not exceed ten percent of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company at the time an option is granted. Options granted under the Plan will have a maximum term of ten years. The exercise price of options granted under the Plan shall be set by the Board of Directors on the effective date of the option and will not be less than the Discounted Market Price as defined by the TSX Venture Exchange. Vesting of the Options shall be at the discretion of the Board of Directors. All outstanding options granted prior to November 19, 2010 have been rolled into and deemed granted under the Plan.

In November 2010, the Company granted 1,900,000 (475,000 post-consolidation) incentive stock options to two directors and one consultant of the Company. The options are exercisable at \$0.10 (\$0.40 post-consolidation) until November 10, 2013 with 12.5% vesting at the date of grant and an additional 12.5% vesting every three months thereafter. The total fair value of \$161,169 was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model assuming an expected life of 3 years, a risk-free interest rate of 1.73%, an expected volatility of 164% and a forfeiture rate of nil.

In August 2011, the Company granted 750,000 (187,500 post-consolidation) incentive stock options to the Vice President of the Company. The incentive stock options are priced at \$0.10 (\$0.40 post-consolidation) each and may be exercised for a period of three years from the date of grant with 12.5% of the options vesting at the date of grant and an additional 12.5% vesting every three months thereafter. The fair value of \$64,103 was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the risk-free interest rate of 1.12%, expected volatility of 167% and a forfeiture rate of nil.

In September 2011, the Company granted 1,000,000 incentive stock options to four directors, an officer and two consultants of the Company. The incentive stock options are priced at \$0.35 each and may be exercised for a period of five years from the date of grant with 12.5% of the options vesting at the date of grant and an additional 12.5% vesting every three months thereafter. The fair value of \$311,098 was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the risk-free interest rate of 1.4%, expected volatility of 141% and a forfeiture rate of nil.

In December 2011, the Company granted 100,000 incentive stock options to a consultant of the Company. The incentive stock options are priced at \$0.35 each and may be exercised for a period of five years from the date of grant with 12.5% of the options vesting at the date of grant and an additional 12.5% vesting every three months thereafter. The fair value of \$31,356 was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the risk-free interest rate of 1.33%, dividends of nil, expected volatility of 144% and a forfeiture rate of nil.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd)

In February 2012, the Company granted 200,000 incentive stock options to two consultants of the Company. The incentive stock options are priced at \$0.35 each and may be exercised for a period of five years from the date of grant with 12.5% of the options vesting at the date of grant and an additional 12.5% vesting every three months thereafter. The fair value of \$81,516 was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the risk-free interest rate of 1.50%, dividends of nil, and expected volatility of 190% and a forfeiture rate of nil.

In March 2012, the Company granted 100,000 incentive stock options to a consultant of the Company. The incentive stock options are priced at \$0.35 each and may be exercised for a period of five years from the date of grant with 12.5% of the options vesting at the date of grant and an additional 12.5% vesting every three months thereafter. The fair value of \$46,660 was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the risk-free interest rate of 1.65%, dividends of nil, expected volatility of 189%, and a forfeiture rate of nil.

In April 2012, the Company granted 50,000 incentive stock options to a consultant of the Company. The incentive stock options are priced at \$0.45 each and may be exercised for a period of five years from the date of grant with 12.5% of the options vesting at the date of grant and an additional 12.5% vesting every three months thereafter. The fair value of \$21,761 was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the risk-free interest rate of 1.64%, dividends of nil, expected volatility of 189%, and a forfeiture rate of nil.

A summary of post-consolidated stock options activities are as follows:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
		\$
Outstanding at October 31, 2010	25,000	0.40
Granted	1,662,500	0.37
Exercised	(43,750)	0.40
Outstanding at October 31, 2011	1,643,750	0.37
Granted	450,000	0.36
Outstanding at April 30, 2012	2,093,750	0.37

The Company has outstanding post-consolidated options entitling the holder to purchase an aggregate of common shares at April 30, 2012 as follows:

Exercise	Number	Number	
Price	Outstanding	Exercisable	Expiry Date
\$	_		_
0.40	456,250	337,500	November 10, 2013
0.40	187,500	70,313	August 12, 2014
0.35	1,000,000	375,000	September 29, 2016
0.35	100,000	25,000	December 9, 2016
0.35	200,000	25,000	February 20, 2017
0.35	100,000	12,500	March 23, 2017
0.45	50,000	6,250	April 5, 2017
	2,093,750	851,563	

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd)

Warrants:

A summary of post-consolidated share purchase warrant activities are as follows:

_	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price
		\$
Outstanding and exercisable at October 31, 2010	6,250,000	0.40
Issued	7,500,000	0.40
Exercised	(2,050,000)	0.40
Outstanding and exercisable at October 31, 2011 and		
April 30, 2012	11,700,000	0.40

The Company has outstanding post-consolidated warrants entitling the holders to purchase an aggregate of 11,700,000 common shares at April 30, 2012 as follows:

Exercise	Number	
Price	Outstanding	Expiry Date
\$		
0.40	4,200,000	December 1, 2014
0.40	7,500,000	November 2, 2015
	11,700,000	

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company entered into the following transactions with related parties during the six months ended April 30, 2012:

a) "Office and miscellaneous" includes rent of \$38,623 (2011 - \$nil) and other office expenses of \$2,069 (2011 - \$nil) paid or accrued to a company related by common directors and officers.

Summary of key management personnel compensation:

	For the six months ended April 30,		
	2012	2011	
	\$	\$	
Accounting and audit	1,330	-	
Management fees	5,000	-	
Office and miscellaneous	1,250	-	
Consulting fees	31,500	12,000	
Exploration and evaluation assets expenditures	40,000	-	
Share-based compensation	159,289	90,020	
	238,369	102,020	

The above transactions have been in the normal course of operations and, have been valued in the financial statements at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

Amounts owing to related parties are as follows:

	April 30, 2012	October 31, 2011
	\$	\$
 Company with a director in 		
common for expenses	21,902	28,645
ii. CEO for expenses	6,027	4,042
iii. CFO for expenses	6,257	1,978
iv. Former director for loans	216	216
v. Directors for expenses	1,680	-
vi. VP Exploration for expenses	12,357	-
	48,439	34,881

Amounts due to related parties are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and have no specific terms of repayment; accordingly, fair market value cannot be determined.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

11. MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL RISK

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, which include credit risk, concentration risk, market risk and liquidity risk.

Credit Risk

The Company is exposed to industry credit risks arising from its cash holdings and accounts receivable. The Company manages credit risk by placing cash with major Canadian financial institutions. The Company's receivables consist of oil and gas revenues receivable and harmonized sales tax recoverable due from the Federal Government of Canada. Management believes that credit risk related to these amounts is nominal.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not have sufficient funds to meet its financial obligations when they are due. To manage liquidity risk, the Company reviews additional sources of capital and replacement debt structures to continue its operations and discharge its commitments as they become due.

Market risk

(a) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of gold and other precious and base metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company. Fluctuations in pricing may be significant.

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. As the Company's cash earns interest at floating rates, the Company is exposed to interest rate risk. A 1% increase or decrease in interest rates will result in appropriately \$33,000 annualized increase or decrease in net loss.

(c) Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to cash, receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are denominated in United States Dollars. However, management believes the risk is not currently significant.

12. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company has one geographic segment, being Canada, and one operating segment, being the acquisition and exploration of exploration and evaluation assets.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

13. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its cash, amounts due to and from related parties and common shares as capital. The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of its properties and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital at an acceptable risk.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue new debt, or acquire or dispose of assets. In order to maximize ongoing development efforts, the Company does not pay out dividends.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the six months ended April 30, 2012 or the year ended October 31, 2011. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

14. TRANSITION TO IFRS

As stated in Note 2, these Interim Financial Statements are for the period covered by the Company's first annual financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS. The accounting policies in Note 2 have been applied in preparing the Interim Financial Statements for the periods ended April 30, 2012 and 2011. In Note 12 of the January 31, 2012 restated condensed interim financial statements, the Company reported the impact of the transition to IFRS to the opening IFRS statement of financial position on November 1, 2010 (the "Transition Date") and for the year ended October 31, 2011.

In preparing the statement of financial position and the financial statements for the interim period ended April 30, 2011, the Company has adjusted amounts reported previously in financial statements that were prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP. An explanation of how the transition from Canadian GAAP to IFRS has affected the Company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows is set out in the following tables. The guidance for the first time adoption of IFRS is set out in IFRS 1. IFRS 1 provides for certain mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions for first time adopters of IFRS. The Company elected to take the following IFRS 1 optional exemptions:

- To apply the requirements of IFRS 2, Share-based payments, only to equity instruments granted after November 7, 2002 which had not vested as of the Transition Date;
- To apply the requirements of IFRS 23, Borrowing Costs, only to transactions after the Transition Date; and
- To apply the requirements of IAS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, as at the Transition Date. The Company re-measured all provisions, and estimated the amount to be included in the cost of the related asset by discounting the liability to the date at which the liability first arose. This was done using best estimates of the historical risk-adjusted discount rates, and recalculated the accumulated depreciation, depletion, and amortization under IFRS up to the Transition Date.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

14. TRANSITION TO IFRS (cont'd)

The reconciliation between Canadian GAAP and IFRS statement of financial position at April 30, 2011 is provided below:

	Note	Canadian GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS
ASSETS				
Current		\$	\$	\$
Cash		2,243,990	_	2,243,990
Accounts receivable		20	_	20
Note receivable		29,079	-	29,079
Harmonized sales tax recoverable		6,541	-	6,541
		2,279,630		2,279,630
Equipment		4,068	-	4,068
Oil and gas properties		1		1
TOTAL ASSETS		2,283,699		2,283,699
LIABILITIES Current				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		31,443	_	31,443
Due to related parties		12,170	-	12,170
•		43,613	-	43,613
Asset retirement obligations		13,000		13,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		56,613		56,613
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Share capital		9,257,642	-	9,257,642
Reserves	(a)	417,833	(307,209)	110,624
Deficit	(a)	(7,448,389)	307,209	(7,141,180)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		2,227,086		2,227,086
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		2,283,699	<u>-</u> _	2,283,699

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

14. TRANSITION TO IFRS (cont'd)

The reconciliation between Canadian GAAP and IFRS statement of comprehensive loss for the six months ended April 30, 2011 is provided below:

	N.	Canadian	Effect of transition to	HEDG
	Note	GAAP	IFRS	IFRS
		\$	\$	\$
Expenses				
Accounting and audit		15,815	-	15,815
Consulting fees		13,050	-	13,050
Filing fees		11,991	-	11,991
Legal fees		18,684	-	18,684
Management fees - stock-based	(a)	44,584	60,319	104,903
Parking		3,768	-	3,768
Property examination costs		17,781	-	17,781
Office and miscellaneous		18,714	-	18,714
Transfer agent		6,318	-	6,318
Travel and promotion		11,271	-	11,271
Telephone		3,748		3,748
Loss before other items		(165,724)	(60,319)	(226,043)
Other item				
Net oil and gas loss		(52)	-	(52)
Interest income		2,778		2,778
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period		(162,998)	(60,319)	(223,317)
-			,	<u> </u>
Basic and diluted loss per share		(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		22,123,913	-	22,123,913

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

14. TRANSITION TO IFRS (cont'd)

The reconciliation between Canadian GAAP and IFRS statement of comprehensive loss for the three months ended April 30, 2011 is provided below:

		Canadian	Effect of transition to	
	Note	GAAP	IFRS	IFRS
		\$	\$	\$
Expenses				
Accounting and audit		8,636	-	8,636
Consulting fees		7,050	-	7,050
Filing fees		8,628	-	8,628
Legal fees		5,301	-	5,301
Management fees - stock-based	(a)	20,146	13,438	33,584
Parking		2,025	-	2,025
Property examination costs		11,531	-	11,531
Office and miscellaneous		7,507	-	7,507
Transfer agent		1,925	-	1,925
Travel and promotion		1,184	-	1,184
Telephone		2,349		2,349
Loss before other items		(76,282)	(13,438)	(89,720)
Other item				
Net oil and gas loss		(7)	-	(7)
Interest income		676		676
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period		(75,613)	(13,438)	(89,051)
		X / -/	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	<u> </u>
Basic and diluted loss per share		(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
Weighted average number of common				
shares outstanding		22,507,367	-	22,507,367

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

14. TRANSITION TO IFRS (cont'd)

The reconciliation between Canadian GAAP and IFRS statement of cash flows for the six months ended April 30, 2011 is provided below:

	Note	Canadian GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS
		\$	\$	\$
Cash flows used in operating activities				
Net loss for the period	(a)	(162,998)	(60,319)	(223,317)
Items not affecting cash:				
Share-based compensation	(a)	44,584	60,319	104,903
Accrued interest		(1,374)	-	(1,374)
Changes in non-cash working capital items				
Increase in receivables		(1,360)	-	(1,360)
Decrease in accounts payable		(16,338)	-	(16,338)
		(137,486)	-	(137,486)
Cash flows used in investing activities				
Acquisition of property and equipment		(1,104)	-	(1,104)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from shares issued		1,215,000	-	1,215,000
Net related party advances		5,716	-	5,716
		1,220,716	-	1,220,716
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		1,082,126	-	1,082,126
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		1,161,864	-	1,161,864
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		2,243,990	-	2,243,990

a) Share-based payments

The Company grants stock options that have a graded vesting schedule. Under IFRS, unlike Canadian GAAP, the Company treats each installment as its own award. Therefore, each installment is measured and recognized separately.

On transition to IFRS the Company adjusted share-based payments whereby amounts recorded for expired unexercised stock options are transferred to deficit. Previously, the Company's Canadian GAAP policy was to leave such amounts in contributed surplus.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the six months ended April 30, 2012 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On May 24, 2012 the Company granted 250,000 incentive stock options to directors and management of the Company. The incentive stock options are priced at \$0.30 each and may be exercised for a period of five years from the date of grant.